**Switching remote URLs from SSH to HTTPS(CAMBIAR EL ORIGIN)**

1. Open Git Bash.
2. Change the current working directory to your local project.
3. List your existing remotes in order to get the name of the remote you want to change.
4. git remote -v
5. origin git@github.com:*USERNAME/REPOSITORY*.git (fetch)
6. origin git@github.com:*USERNAME/REPOSITORY*.git (push)
7. Change your remote's URL from SSH to HTTPS with the git remote set-url command.
8. git remote set-url origin https://github.com/*USERNAME*/*REPOSITORY*.git
9. Verify that the remote URL has changed.
10. git remote -v
11. # Verify new remote URL
12. origin https://github.com/*USERNAME/REPOSITORY*.git (fetch)
13. origin https://github.com/*USERNAME/REPOSITORY*.git (push)

The next time you git fetch, git pull, or git push to the remote repository, you'll be asked for your GitHub username and password.

**FORZAR EL PUSH**

Just do:

git push origin <your\_branch\_name> --force

or if you have a specific repo:

git push https://git.... --force

This will delete your previous commit(s) and push your current one.

It may not be proper, but if anyone stumbles upon this page, thought they might want a simple solution...

### Short flag

Also note that -f is short for --force, so

git push origin <your\_branch\_name> -f

will also work.